

Lesson 6 Percy Buttons

★New words and expressions

☆beggar n. 乞丐

注意这是我们目前为止学到的唯一的以-ar 结尾的名词。

v. beg 乞求

beg for: 乞求得到

ask for: 请求得到

☆pocket n. 衣服口袋

inner pocket: 大衣、西服内口袋

jacket pocket; coat pocket

pocket book: 袖珍书; pocket dictionary

pocket money: 零花钱 (小孩的)

(不是零钱, 零钱是 change: get exact change)

男人的零花钱: beer money

18 世纪, 在小说里有时能见到女人的零花钱是针线钱。但是随着时代的进步, 剩下的 money 都归女人管, 所以女人无零花钱。

pocket pick: 车上的小偷

☆call v. 拜访, 光顾

call sb/call up sb: 给某人打电话

call back: 回电话

我们昨天学的电话用语

-Can you take a message for me?

如果不想让第三人知道, 你可以说:

Can you tell him to call back?

关于 call 的几个短语:

call at+地点=visit someplace

call on sb

I will call on you.=I will call at your home.

call out=shout 大声喊

call in sb 招集和邀请

For the project, the government called in a lot of experts.

★Text

I have just moved to a house in Bridge Street. Yesterday a beggar knocked at my door. He asked me for a meal and a glass of beer. In return for this, the beggar stood on his head and sang songs. I gave him a meal. He ate the food and drank the beer. Then he put a piece of cheese in his pocket and went away. Later a neighbor told me about him. Everybody knows him. His name is Percy Buttons. He calls at every house in the street once a month and always asks for a meal and a glass of beer.

☆ask sb for sth:问某人要什么东西

for: 为了这个目的去请求某人。sb 更多的时候并不出现, 而直接说 ask for sth, 因为强调的是东西而不是人。

eg:The boy asks (his parents)for money again/once more.

☆in return:作为回报

He doesn't want anything in return.

in return for sth:作为对……的回报

I'll buy a present for him in return for hospitality.

☆stand on one's head:倒立(头着地)

用手着地: stand on one's hand/hands

跪着: stand on one's knees

躺着: lie on one's back(仰面)/side(侧躺)/stomach(趴着)

☆tell sb about sth

about:关于, 通过其它事自己得出结论

tell sb sth:告诉某人某件事(把事情直接告诉)

☆所有的不定代词作主语一律为单数看待。

everybody, somebody, anybody, something, anything, everything

☆英语: in the street

美语: on the street

★难点

有些动词的后面加上介词或副词以后就会改变词义。这种新的组合称作短语动词。

如: put: 放 put on: 穿

take: 拿走 take off: 脱下

look: 看

look at: 看; look for: 寻找; look after: 照顾; look out: 当心

knock

knock at: 敲

knock off: 1) 下班 He knocked off earlier.

2) knock sth off+地点: 从……把……撞倒

knock the vase off the table

3) 打折 knock 10% off the price

knock over

A car knocked the boy over.

[注]如果有地点: off; 无地点: over

knock out: 打晕 (拳击术语, 把人打倒在地)

