

Yesterday I watched a French movie.

It's about marriage, career, daily world and something like that.

It's typical French way to view a psychological problem.

Always find a question for yourself in your life whether you are happy or not.

Life is not a problem to be solved, but a reality to be experienced.

生活不是一个需要解决的问题，而是一种需要经历的现实。

Always find a question for yourself whether you are happy or not.

Lesson 19 Tired and thirty

[词汇]

matter n. 事情

children n. 孩子们 (child 的复数)

tired adj. 累, 疲乏

boy n. 男孩

thirsty adj. 渴

Mum n. 妈妈

sit down 坐下

right adj. 好, 可以

ice cream 冰淇淋

[歌曲]

When A Child Is Born

1. A ray of hope flickers in the sky, 一线希望的曙光在天空中闪烁

a tiny star lights up way up high. 一个小星星高高挂在天空

All across the land, 所有的地方,

dawns a brand new morn. 都在迎接着一个新的早晨,

This comes to pass, 这一切的到来,

When a child is born. 是由于一个婴儿的出生。

2. A silent wish sails the seven seas,

the wind of change

whisper in the trees.

And the walls of doubt,

crumble tost and torn.

This comes to pass,

when a child is born.

silent 沉默的

wall 墙

doubt 怀疑

[3. A rosy dawn settles all around

You got to feel you're on solid ground

For a spell or two no one seems forlorn

This comes to pass when a child is born.]

4. It's all a dream,

an illusion now,

it must come true sometime soon,

some how,

All across the land,

dawns a brand new morn.

This comes to pass,

when a child is born.

[朗诵词]

And all of this happens

because the world is waiting,

waiting for one child.

Black, white, yellow, no one knows,

but a child that will grow up.

And turns tears to laughter,

hates to love,

war to peace.

And everyone to everyone's neighbour and

misery and suffering,

will be words to be forgotten forever.

[单词·略]

[matter]

affair

business

What's the matter?

What's the matter with you?

What's the matter with the children?

What's the matter with your mother?

It doesn't matter.

affair 事情，风流事件，风流韵事

President Clinton had affair with L.

business 商业，事情



businessman 商人

businesswoman 女商人

It's none of your business.

[child->children]

baby 婴儿, 宝贝

infant 刚出生的婴儿

twin 双胞胎

orphan 孤儿

[right]右边

all right 好的

That's all right. 没关系。

Are you all right? 你好了吗?

Are you all right now? 你现在好了吗?

Is your brother all right now?

Are the children all right now?

there be 句型: 表示某处有某物

there is + 可数名词的单数/不可数名词

there are + 可数名词的复数形式

介词

on, in

on 在…上面

in 在…里面

on the desk 在桌子上

in the box 在盒子里

There is a tie on the desk.

There are five books in the box.

变成否定句

There isn't a tie on the desk.

变成疑问句

Is there a tie on the desk?

肯定回答:

Yes, there is.

否定回答:

No, there isn't.

There aren't five books in the box.

Are there five books in the box?

肯定回答:

Yes, there are.

否定回答:

No, there aren't.

ice cream

ice cream man

There is an ice cream man there.

那有个卖冰淇淋的人。

There are two ice cream men there.

floor 地板

on the floor 在地板上

There is a girl on the floor.

glass 玻璃杯

There is a pen in the glass.

There are ten books in the box.

[课文]

What's the mater[笔误, 应为 matter], children?

We are tired and thirsty, Mum.

Sit down here.

Are you all right now?

No, we aren't.

Look!

There's an ice cream man.

Two ice creams please.

Here you are, children.

Thanks, Mum.

These ice creams are nice.

Are you all right now?

Yes, we are, thank you.

This ice cream is very nice.

这块冰淇淋非常好吃。

These ice creams are very nice.

[词汇]

big adj. 大的

small adj. 小的

open adj. 开着的

shut adj. 笑着的

light adj. 轻的

heavy adj. 重的

long adj. 长的

shoe n. 鞋子

grandfather n. 祖父

grandmother n. 祖母



1 are

2 is

3 is

4 are

5 are

6 am

Written exercises 书面练习 B page 40

his shoes(dirty)/clean

Are his shoes dirty or clean?

They are not dirty. They are clean.

1 Are the children tired or thirsty?

They are not tired. They are thirsty.

2 Are the postman[笔误, 应为 postmen] cold or hot?

They are not cold. They are hot.

3 Are the hairdressers thin or fat?

They are not thin. They are fat.

4 Are the shoes small or big?

They are not small. They are big.

5 Are the shops shut or open?

They are not shut. They are open.

6 Are his cases heavy or light?

They are not heavy. They are light.

7 Are grandmother and grandfather young or old?

They are not young. They are old.

8 Are their hats old or new?

They are not old. They are new.

trousers 裤子

10 Are his trousers short or long?

They are not short. They are long.

Lesson 21 Which book?

[词汇]

give v. 给

one pron. 一个

which question word 哪一个

Lesson 22 Give me/him/her/us/them a ...Which one?

empty adj. 空的

full adj. 满的

large adj. 大的

little adj. 小的

sharp adj. 尖的, 锋利的

small adj. 小的

big adj. 大的

blunt adj. 钝的

box (boxes) n. 盒子, 箱子 boxes

glass (glasses) n. 杯子 glasses

cup (cups) n. 茶杯

bottle (bottles) n. 瓶子

tin (tins) n. 罐头

knife (knives) n. 刀子 knives

fork (forks) n. 叉子

spoon (spoons) n. 勺子

[词汇 (Lesson 21) • 略]

[give v. 给]

offer 提供

provide 免费提供

supply 供应

donate 捐赠 [dEu5neit]

contribute

Teaching gives me a lot of pleasure.

I have contributed all my life to teaching career.

sb. 某人

sth. 某事

give sb. sth.

give sth. to sb.

第一人称宾格: me

第三人称复数宾格: them

女性她的宾格: her

男性他的宾格: him

Give me a pen please.

请给我一支钢笔。

Give a pen to me please.

Give them a box please.

Give a box to them please.

[课文]

Give me a book please, Jane. [Give a book to me please, Jane.]

Which book?

This one?

No, not that one. The red one.

This one?



Yes, please.

Here you are.

Thank you.

[词汇 (Lesson 22) • 略]

Written exercises 书面练习 A

1 his/her

2 our

3 his

4 their

5 her

6 his

Written exercises 书面练习 B

book/ this blue/ that red

1 cup/ this dirty/ that clean

Give me a cup please.

Which one? This dirty one?

No, not this dirty one. That clean one.

Here you are.

Thank you.

2 glass/ this empty/ that full

Give me a glass please.

Which one? This empty one?

No, not this empty one. That full one.

3 bottle/ this large/ that small

Give me a bottle[笔误, 应为 bottle] please.

Which one? This large one?

No, not this large one. That small one.

4 box/ this big/ that little

Give me a box please.

Which one? This big one.

No, not this big one. That little one.

5 tin/ this new/ that old

Give me a tin please.

Which one? This new one?

No, not this new one. That old one.

6 knife/ this sharp/ that blunt

Give me a knife please?

Which one? This sharp one?

No, not this sharp one. That blunt one.

7 spoon/ this new/ that old

Give me a spoon please.

Which one? This new one?

No, not this new one. That old one.

8 fork/ this large/ that small

Give me a fork please.

Which one? This large one?

No, not this large one. That small one.